REVISED 5-7-87

FHEA NO. W 4.23.2 CRITICALITY 2/2		SMUTTLE CCTV CRITSCAL ITEMS LIST	OHIT CABLE DNG NO. 2293287-503 ISSUED TO-T4-85 SHEET OF 5
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAJLURE EFFECT ON END ITEN	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
		DESSEN FEATURES The M4 PFV cable is a 44-inch long, 25-wire assembly te each end. The video and sync/cmd wires are shielded Tw of #24 wire. The cable connects the TVC and PTU. Connects selected. The cable design is taken from the successfully flown A cable-connector assembly in which the wire terminations flexture at the joint between the wire and the connector concentration is moved analy from the conductor connectities length of the conductors encapsulated in a potted-talso protects the assembly from dirt and entrapped mois in space. The cable and its components meet the applicable requires specifications. These requirements include: • General/Mechanical/Electrical Features • Design and Construction • Materials • Terminal Solderability • Environmental • Qualification • Marking and Serialization • Traceability and Documentation	rminated by 37 pin connectors at inax shielded and twisted pairs ector types KdGGE14N35SN16 have polln program. The design is a are protected from excessive r terminal. The load on and distributed axially along aper profile. This technique ture which could cause problems

REVISED 5-7-87 Cable DING NO. 2293287-503 SHUTTLE CETY W 4.23.2 FMEA NO. CRITICAL LIEMS LIST 1SSUED 30-14-06 SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE OR END LYEM CAUSE No video or control **BUALTFICATION TEST** loss of LOC 2 of camera stacks Qual(fied by 1.) similarity to previous successful space programs and 2.) by use during that do not use Short to GNU qualification tests of CCTV LRUs. Lucation 2 code. Worst Case: ACCEPTANCE TEST Loss of mission The cable acceptance test consists of an ohometer check to assure that each wire critical video. connection is present and intact. Results are recorded on data sheets. OPERATIONAL TEST The following tests verify that CCTV components are operable and that the commands from the PHS (A/A)) panel switch, through the RCM, through the sync lines to the Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command decoder are proper. The tests also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test verifies the MDM command path. Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test Power CCTV System. Select a monitor via the PHS panel, as destination and the camera under test as Send "Camera Power On" command from PHS panel. Select "External Sync" on monitor, Observe wideo displayed on monitor. If wideo on monitor is synchronized (i.e., stable raster), then this indicates that the camera is receiving composite sync from the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized widea. Send Pan, Tilt, Focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma commands and visually (either via the manitur or direct observation) verify proper operation. Select Downlink as destination and camera under test as source. Observe video routed to downlink. Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel. Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via the MIM command path. Inis proves that the CCTV equipment is operational if video is satisfactory.

REVISED 5-7-87 Cable 2293287-503 SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. FMEA NO. N 4.21.2 **TSSUED** TU-T4-86 CRETICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 2/2 CRITICALITY FATLURE NODE AND FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE CAUSE ON FAID ITEM Nu video or control **QA/ENSPECTION** Loss of 100 2 of camera stacks Procurement Control - Wire, connectors, solder, etc. are procured from approved vendors Short to GND that do not use and suppliers which meet the requirements set forth in the CCTV contract and Quality Location 2 code. Plan Work Statement (NS-2593)76). Worst Case: Incoming Inspection & Storage - Incoming Quality inspections are made un all received toss of mission required materials and parts. Mesults are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. Accepted items are delivered to widen. Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until cable fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI 100-53). Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of assembly, all (tems are verified to be correct by stock room personnel as the items are accumulated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). Specific Instructions are given in assembly drawing notes and applicable documents called out in the Fabrication Procedure and Record (FPR-2293287). These are 2280800 -Process Standard crimping flight connector contacts, 2280801 - Process Standard in-Line splicing of standard interconnecting wire using Raychem solder sleeves, 2280876 -Process Standard marking of parts or assemblies with epoxy colors, 2280876. Potting material and test procedure (TP-AT-2293207). Quality and DCAS Inspections are performed at the completion of key operations. Preparation for Shipment - When fabrication and test is complete, the cable assembly is packaged according to 2280746. Process Standard for Packaging and Handling Guidelines. All related documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc. is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned specifically to each cable assembly. This folder is retained for reference.

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FMEA NO. W 4.23.2 DRITICALITY 2/2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SHUTTLE COTY CRITICAL (TENS LIST	DNTT CABTE DWG NO. 2293287-503 15SUED 10-14-88 SHEET 4 OF 5	
FAILURE NODE AND Cause	FATLURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
Loss of LOC 2 Short to GND	No video or control of camera stacks that do not use Location 2 code.	FAILURE HISTORY There have been no reported failures during RCA testing, pre-flight or flight.		
	Horst Case: Loss of mission required video.			

REVISED 5-7-87 Савте 2293287-503 N 4.23,2 SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITENS LIST DWG NO. FMEA MO. ISSUED 10-14-86 CRATICALITY 2/2 SHEET FATEURE"MODE AMD FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE CALISE No video or control Lass of 100 2 OPERATIONAL EFFECTS of camera stacks Short to GND that do not use Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission objectives due to loss of RMS cameras or Location 2 code. other required cameras. Norst Case: CREW ACTIONS Loss of mission required video. If possible, continue RMS operations using alternate visual cues. CREW TRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternates to CCTV. MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible procedures should be designed so they can be accomplished without CCTY.

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